

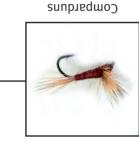
Elk Hair Caddis

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cover most fishing situations. Where possible, local knowledge should be sought as to the correct fly to use. Five flies which we'd recommend in an angler's box on this river are pictured below. Having these flies in various sizes would

drift. This adds to the mystery and beauty of the river, making the Suir a fascinating river to fish. is a technical river to fish, with lots of slow pools and "slick" water with conflicting currents, making it hard to achieve a long angler can encounter BWO duns, followed by some spinner action, and after that if conditions are right a hatch of sedge. It From 7pm onwards, the river comes alive with spinner falls and hatches, for example in the earlier part of the evening the The highlight of the angling season is the "Evening Rise" during the summer months from mid May until the end of August,

come alive with trout.

hatches have declined in recent years as with most rivers, however during warm balmy evenings the river and its tributaries Insect hatches on the River Suir are prolific, with good hatches of BWO, sedges, spurwings and many other olives. The

### Hatches & Flies on the River Suir

waded and laboured and perspired under August sun without cial dry fly.... They defeated me utterly. I walked and knelt and trout visibly and audibly rising, which had never seen an artifiand they often refuse a fly. Lord Grey also wrote "There were have abundant fly life therefore making the trout very selective However, the fishing on Irish rivers is challenging. The rivers it might be the finest dry fly fishing in the United Kingdom". the River Suir when he fished it in 1880 "in May and in June In his book "Fly Fishing" first published in 1899, he wrote of

by Lord Grey of Fallodon. the Test and the Itchen celebrated chalk streams deemed to surpass the fish. The River Suir was always been very smart appears that these have due to over fishing, it just are the norm. This is not fine leaders and small flies are extremely selective, so them easy to catch. They that this does not make are abundant, remember Although the trout stocks

proof wading jacket is a in the afternoon. A waterthe morning to heavy rain from being very warm in as the weather can change to bring layered clothing, is advisable for the angler water levels. In addition it careful particularly in high ad syawla always be strong river and anglers member that this is a big is reasonably firm. Re-

eas the river bed is a stable stone / gravel / sand matrix which angler's tackle when fishing the main Suir channel. In most ar-Chest waders and a wading stick are an essential part of an

taking smuts or midges.

or 1 kg B.S.) leader point should only be used when fish are You may hook more trout with lighter nylon. A very light (2 lb

(1.5 kg or 2 kg) B.S. leader tip is desirable in most situations. Most anglers use a standard double-taper floating line. A 4 lb fly rod (9 - 9% ft.) which has an A.F.T.M. rating of 5 – 6 is ideal. A few tips in the successful angler's approach: A standard dry

whole, most of the best characteristics of a chalk stream. drain large areas of limestone and these give to the river as a over practically its entire length. It has many tributaries, which shallow and maintaining its very good trout carrying capacity in width as one proceeds downstream, remaining relatively

> riffles. It simply increases ed occasionally by shallow -fquriatini glides interruptseries of shallow and deep rick-on-Suir is a continuous down to the estuary at Carchannel from Templemore zones. Almost its entire into distinct ecological it cannot easily be divided angler. Unlike most rivers, for both the trout and the The river is a paradise

stream of Carrick-on-Suir. river is tidal to a point up-Waterford Harbour. The until it enters the sea at through Waterford City and continues to flow on the Comeragh Mountains east passing north of Knocklofty, the river turns again altered, where, at downstream its course is course northwards. Further where the river changes its mealdown Mountain range until meeting the Knockin a southerly direction

Mountains near Moneygall (North of Templemore) and flows within Limerick and Cork. The River Suir rises in the Devils Bit and Waterford, though very small pockets of the catchment are tributaries flow mainly through counties Tipperary, Kilkenny 4% of the land area of Ireland. The Suir main channel and its the country of approximately 3546 km2. This represents about The River Suir Catchment drains an area in the southeast of

### Description of the Suir Fishery

that you are not blocking gates.

their property, crops and animals, light no fires or leave any litter and leave gates as you found them. When parking make sure When fishing the River Suir, you will often need to cross farmland and access is courtesy of the local farmer. Please respect

hope that the information contained in this booklet will help to make your visit to this beautiful river a rewarding experience. September inclusive. Where left bank and right bank are referred to, this means left and right when looking downstream. We trout stocks within the catchment and by outlining where the best fishing is available. The season runs from 17th March to 30th brown frout angling and its purpose is to assist both Irish and visiting anglers by providing as much information as possible on nowned for its game angling, holding both salmon (Salmo salar) and brown trout (Salmo trutta). This guide deals primarily with and Promote Ireland's inland fisheries. The subject of this guide, The River Suir, lies within the jurisdiction of this Board. It is re-The Southern Regional Fisheries Board is one of seven boards established under the Fisheries Act 1980 to Protect, Develop

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**River Suir** 







### The River Suir Tributaries & its

## **Templemore** Best suited Templemore and District Anglers hold most of the fishing from the headwaters north of the town of Templemore downstream to the north side of Rossestown Bridge. Angling on the above TEMPLEMORE - THURLES - HOLYCROSS

Similar angling conditions apply to Thurles, Suir and Drish Anglers Association. Their waters extend from Rossestown Bridge, through Thurles town to the upstream side of the bridge at Holycross village. A section of the Drish River extending from the confluence with the River Suir up to Authlumen Bridge is also inclusive. stretch may produce trout averaging 30 – 4 for angling in the early morning and at dusk.

The stretch of river from Turtalla Bridge (N62) which is downstream of Thurles town extending for approximately 400 m holds a nice stock of trout up to 30 cm.

The next section on this River begins at Cabragh Bridge (south of Thurles town) which extends for 200 m. Here the angler can expect to meet trout between 20 - 30 cm.

# **HOLYCROSS - GOLDEN - NEW BRIDGE**

The Suir waters of Holycross / Ballycamusk Anglers Clubextend downstream from Holycross Bridge (R660) to the townlands of Ballycamusk / Nodstown North. It encompasses a stretch of the Clodagh River from the Railway Bridge downstream to the confluence with the River Suir. The angler is likely to encounter trout up to 50 cm in this fishery. When wading, the angler may encounter some deep holes within the Two Fords Bridges (left reas are dispersed throughout this fishery. area even in low flow. Both wet and dry fly fishing

The Clodagh Anglers control the fishing on the right bank of the River Clodagh from the Railway Bridge upstream to above Annfield Bridge. From the Suir-Clodagh confluence down to Ballycamusk Ford is an excellent dry fly fishing area holding good stocks of trout up to 40 cm. Please note that angling on this fishery is strictly confined to fly fishing and there is a daily Ardmayle Fishery is a private

fishery Suir channel running for approximately 1.5 km upstream of Ardmayle Bridge it is known up to 40 cm. contain large trout, reportedly within the main River

Angling Association Endinge both banks from Camus Bridge (R505) to Suir Castle (after Cashel (R505) to Suir Ca Ballygriffin Bridge). Ballygriffin Bridge). They also share the west bank from Suir with the Cahir & District Anglers.
Downstream of Camus Bridge Castle to New Bridge (Suirville) / Golden / Tipperary

the area known as

trout may prove difficult

N8

Cashel

The Multeen River has good stocks of brown trout that seldom exceed 25 cm, but regardless provide excellent sport particularly, at evening time or after a fresh spate.

River

Suir Catchment

With the correct conditions prevailing, waters from Mantle Hill, especially from the confluence of the Multeen River downstream provide excellent dry fly fishing, mainly in the evenings. The stretch from Athassel Abbey downstream to New Bridge contains some excellent trout of up to 20-30 cm. There are a number of weirs in this area where the occasional large trout may be lurking.

– 40 cm.

### **NEW BRIDGE - CAHIR**

The River Suir from New Bridge to Knockacolla is a broad slow winding river with fast shallow glides, riffles and infrequent pools. It contains good stocks of trout up to 25 cm. Approximately 6.5 km north of Cahir in the Ballydrehid / Knockacolla areas the combined Rivers Ara and Aherlow form a confluence with the River Suir.

waters around the Killshane area and downwards are a series of glides, riffles and pools. The River Ara provides angling from above Killshane downstream to its confluence with the River Aherlow. The

From the village of Bansha (N24) downstream is a continuous glide, with some riffle areas and few pools. Overall this is an excellent angling stretch. With trout stretching in length up to 28 cm, one can have a quiet, enjoyable summers evening with a small fly rod, proper presentation and the right fly. The Ara Angling Club controls the waters of the River Ara.

The River Aherlow may be described as a spate river, which runs through the scenic Glen of Aherlow. It holds large numbers of trout up to 20 cm. The best angling sections are regarded in the upper stretches around the Galbally area, and the lower reaches downstream of Cappa Old Bridge.

The Aherlow Angling Club exists on the section from f Rossadrehid to its confluence with the River Suir. The water from Knockacolla to Cahir consists of a deep channel, which contains limited numbers of good adult trout. Cahir and District Rongling Club control the fishing on the right or west bank from Suir Castle to the Bakery Weir north of Cahir. Downstream of Cahir town for 200 m the fishing is not available at present.

### **SWISS COTTAGE - ARDFINNAN**

Cahir Angling waters continue from that point downstream.

Angling controlled by the Cahir Angling Club continues from a point 200 m downstream of Cahir town to Garnavilla Ford. It is an excellent trout fishery. The river is broad at this point with a a brisk flow and has an average depth of approximately one meter. The banks are quite safe and offer no hindrance, with a access to the river for the purpose of wading being achieved quite easily. Great quantities of rocks are placed around the river bed and they provide some very good cover for the trout. There is an excellent population of trout along this stretch some of which are up to 30 cm and more. The fishery extends from above the Swiss Cottage to Carrigataha on the infinite form and carnaville on the left bank, and all anglers are

Shamrock Lodge is a private fishery that is located on the left bank upstream of Rochestown and it hosts some good fishing. Long shallow glides downstream of Rochestown, contain stocks of trout of up to 30 cm.

Proposition of the summer evenings, this stretch is best fished using sedges, for trout which frequently exceed 30 cm. Within that stretch is known up-stream of Ardfinnan Village, Suir Valley Fisheries control the fishing on the left bank.

## **CLOCULLY TO CARRICK-ON-SUIR**

(approximately) up stream of Ardfinnan Bridge (R665) and extends downstream to Clocully. This fishery contains excellent stocks of trout up to 30 cm.

Ardfinnan Anglers Fishery stretches to

a point 600 metres inan Bridge (R665)

of deep pools, fast glides and varying widths and depths. The River Suir from Clocully to Carrick-on-Suir is a combination

From Clocully to Ballydonagh, a consortium of private landowners control the angling, these are all private fisheries. This stretch also includes parts of the River Tar and River Nire, which contain good stocks of trout of up to 30 cm.

The waters between Ballydonagh approximately and Whitesford are controlled by Clonmel and District Salmon and Trout Anglers Association. Ballydonagh

private. A private fishery exists from Whitesford downstream for approximately 2.5kms on both banks. This stretch and other areas are controlled by Clonanav Fly Fishing Centre. Angling from Knocklofty Bridge up stream to Clonanav fishery is

from Knocklofty Bridge to Marlfield. Clonmel & District Salmon and Trout Anglers control waters

owned. Waters from below Clonmel & District Salmon & Trout Anglers known as Marlfield down to Gasworks Bridge is privately

Fishing is free between the bridges in Clonmel town.

Clonmel & District Anglers manage a small reach below Clonmel town to Sir Thomas's Bridge.

a Suir Valley Fisheries control the fishing on the left bank s immediately below the confluence of the River Anner for h approximately 3 kms. The fishery also operates a reach below e Poulakerry for approximately 1.5km of the left bank. Clonmel & District Salmon & Trout Anglers manage a stretch of the left bank from below the old graveyard in Killsheelan to the Merc e Sharp Factory.

The stretch from Duff Castle to Miloko on the left bank is under the auspices of Carrick-on-Suir Angling Club. Fishing is free from Miloko to within the town of Carrick-on-Suir on the left bank. Churchtown Syndicate have some fishing on the right bank.



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